

SUFFRAGE CENTENNIAL WORKSHOP CURRICULUM COVERSHEET

June Lamberd & Christina Heimbigner

Teachers

Evergreen Elementary/ Mead School District

School

Grade Level 3rd

Class(es) _____

Learning Objective(s):

- **Civics 1.1.1** - Understands the key ideals of unity and diversity.
- **Civics 1.1.2** - Understands and applies the key ideals of unity and diversity within the context of the community.
- **Geography 3.2.2** - Understands the cultural universals of place, time, family life, economics, communication, arts, recreation, food, clothing, shelter, transportation, government, and education.
- **History 4.2.2** - Understands how contributions made by various cultural groups have shaped the history of the community and world.

Humanities Content:

As we focus on time line events, the following topics will be discussed throughout.

- **Women's Suffrage**
- **Cultural**
- **Politics**
- **Economics**

Activities:

This is a yearlong social studies unit on Spokane History. Throughout the unit, there will be several student activities that will build upon each other, like a Wax Museum, plays, group discussions, presentations and the development of a timeline book.

Student Outcomes (and how did you measure them):

Each student activity will be scored individually. The overall assessment will be the Dig Deep Classroom Based Assessment

Resources: See attached bibliography

Additional Information: This is a yearlong social studies unit on Spokane History. The unit is set up according to what month a particular activity; discussion or presentation will take place.

Historic Spokane A Yearlong Social Studies Unit

**Third Grade
Evergreen Elementary, Mead**

**Christina Heimbigner
June Lamberd
July 23, 2009**

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Historic Spokane

Teacher: June Lamberd / Christina Heimbigner

School: Evergreen Elementary / Mead School District

Grade: 3rd grade

Essential Questions:

- Who were the first people of Spokane and how did they use their environment to meet their basic needs?
- Who were the cultural groups who immigrated to Spokane and why did they come and where did they settle?
- How have the different cultural groups in early Spokane influenced our city's development?

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Materials Needed:

- History Cards (Pages 10-18)
- Costume Pieces (hats, wigs, dresses, jackets, etc)
- Primary Sources (pictures, letters, photos)
- Laptops
- Resource books

Lesson #1: Learning about Spokane - September

The student's will learn how to find Spokane on a map and identify some historical and geographical landmarks. We will discuss climate and how that affects the life style.

Lesson #2: Wax Museum - October-December

Remind students about the Wax Museum that they saw last year. Tell them that it is time to start planning and that this year we are doing our Wax Museum on only Spokane people. Using primary source photos, I will briefly introduce some influential Spokane people, telling amazing facts to peak the student's curiosity. After showing the photos, I will pass out the History Cards

and have the students start to look through Wax Museum possibilities. When the student has chosen their Spokane person, they are ready to begin on their researching. Depending on the person chosen, students can research using reference books, Internet, or my own developed primary source reference file. The student needs to find basic personal information (birth date, death date) and some important facts about how they influenced Spokane history and what contribution they made to our community. When they have completed the research, they will develop a 1-minute speech telling of their research. After writing the speech, the student needs to begin memorizing their speech and developing their characters costume. Final presentation will be an evening program for their parents. We do this to establish some prior knowledge for the students to use throughout the remainder of the unit.

Lesson #3: Fur Trading and Early Settlers - January

During this month we will focus directly on the people and events of the early 1800's. We will be role-playing trading posts and discussing lifestyles (economics) and employment (politics) during this time period. A visit to the Spokane house and from Jack Nesbit will help paint a clear picture of this time period for the students. We will also be looking deep into the culture of the Spokanes (culture), by inviting People of the River, Penny Krous and Magpie Sleeping Woman into the classroom.

Lesson #4: Indian Treaties and Battles - February

Using actual copies of the letters and treaties between Governor Stevens and local Native American Tribes, I hope to help the students understand how the economy changed and affected life for both white settlers and local Native American Settlers (economics, politics, and culture).

Lesson #5: End of 19th and into the 20 century - March - May

The students will learn how Spokane Falls began when James Glover come to the area. We will discuss the great fire of 1889, Kirkland Cutter (culture), how mining affected the community (politics, economics) May Arkwright Hutton (Woman's Suffrage) and tour historic Spokane and Browne's Addition. There will be discussion into local entertainers, athletes, and some current events.

Lesson #6: Putting it all together - June

Using the Dig Deep Rubric, the students will develop their own history book including a minimum of 6 events in Timeline order referencing at least 1 primary source for each timeline period. After putting their book together, each student will present their book and share it with the class how they believe they have benefited by learning all about Spokane History.

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History Cards

Helga Estby

Hi, my name is Helga Esby. I was born in Norway in 1860. I came to America in 1871 and married Ole in 1876. My husband had numerous accidents and we could not pay the mortgage or taxes on our home or farmland. Together with my 19-year-old daughter Clara, I tried to save my family farm by walking 3500 miles across country to New York City. On arrival the sponsor refused to pay saying I had missed the deadline. I returned home to find that 2 of my children had died of diphtheria. We lost our farm in Mica Creek and my husband began a construction business in Spokane. I was considered a deserter of my family and was shunned from many in my community. I later became a suffragist and wrote down my story later in life. My notes were destroyed but my story was carried on through my family. I died on April 20 1942.

http://www.powerset.com/explore/semhtml/List_of_people_from_Spokane

May Arkwright Hutton

Hello, my name is May Arkwright Hutton. I was born in 1860 in Washingtonville, Ohio, a small coal-mining town. At the age of 9 my father sent me to live with my blind grandfather to serve as his guide and companion. My grandfather influenced me politically. In 1883 I moved to Coeur d' Alene and became a cook for the silver miners. I later bought a boarding house and met my husband Levy (Al) Hutton. We struck it rich in the silver mines and became involved in the union for silver workers. I helped Idaho women gain the right to vote in 1896 and in 1904, ran for the Idaho State Legislator. I became heavily involved in Washington's suffrage movement when I moved to Spokane in 1907. I was the first woman to register to vote and one of the first two women to serve on a Spokane County jury. I also gave away my money to many charities including the Spokane Children's Home. When I died in 1915 at the age of 55, my husband designed my tombstone half rough and half smooth, to signify a life half finished.

Spokane Set in Stone pg. 21-22

Mother Joseph

Hi, my name is Mother Joseph. I was born in 1823. Throughout my life I helped build more than 30 hospitals, schools and home for orphans, elderly and sick. I arrived in Spokane with my dear friend Sister Joseph in May 1886. We built a hospital on the south bank of the Spokane River and called it Sacred Heart.

Sacred Heart served not only the sick but also the homeless, the old and poor. I died on January 19th 1902 at the hospital I built.

http://www.powerset.com/explore/semhtml/List_of_people_from_Spokane

Sonora Smart Dodd

Hi my name is Sonora Smart Dodd. I was born February 18th 1882. I moved from Arkansas to Spokane when I was just five years old. I took on the motherly role at the age of 16 after my mother died. In 1909 I listened to a speech on Mothers Day and felt sad for my dad and felt he needed to be honored for raising 6 children on his own. Thanks to my hard efforts on June 19th 1910 Spokane celebrated its first father's day. In June of 1966, President Johnson declared the 3rd Sunday in June as Father's Day. I was also known for my artwork and writing a children's book on the Native Americans of Spokane. I died in 1978 at the age of 96.

http://www.powerset.com/explore/semhtml/List_of_people_from_Spokane%2C_Washington?query=Sonora+Smart+Dodd

Mary Walker

Good Day, my name is Mary Walker. I was born April 1, 1811 in Maine. I was married to Elkanah Walker and we became missionaries and came to the Northwest to educate the Indians of the White man's way. I arrived in Spokane in 1838 and was the first white woman to have a white baby in Spokane. His name is Cyrus. Times were hard and my house had no glass windows, and only one chair. After the death of our good friends the Whitmans, we moved to the Oregon Territory in 1848. I died December 5th 1897. A school district is named for me in Springdale Washington.

http://www.powerset.com/explore/semhtml/List_of_people_from_Spokane

Anna Stratton Browne

Hello, my name is Anna Stratton Browne. I moved from Portland in the summer of 1878 with my husband. He had bought 160 acres of land in Spokane the previous year. I arrived in Spokane on July 5th. At this time there were only fifty white people living in Spokane. We moved to our first home in what is now known as Browne's Addition. The house had four rooms. The hardest thing for me was the lack of food supplies. Eventually my husband JJ Browne became rich and we moved to a palatial home. After my husband died I continued to manage his business interests. Many of my diaries and letters to my husband are found in the Cheney Cowles Museum. I died in 1939. By the Falls pg. 26

Marguerite Motie

Hi, my name is Marguerite Motie. I was born in January 1895 in Ohio and moved to Spokane with my parents and siblings in 1907. I graduated from Lewis and Clark High School and was known for my intelligence, talent, athletic and oratory skills. I became the first Miss Spokane in 1912 and officially represented the city until 1920 and unofficially until 1939. I received both national and worldwide attention and inspired other cities to hold their own contests. I was the featured attraction at almost every important Spokane function. I met mayors, governors and presidents. In 1920, I married my high school sweetheart and moved to Seattle. However, I still came to Spokane to attend major functions. Miss Spokane by

Tony Bamonte

Flora Bilkiss

Hi My name is Flora Bilkiss. I was born in Mississippi in 1866 and moved to Spokane as a young woman. I was considered unusual and flamboyant but also caring and solicitous. I was a variety actress and had five children from an early marriage. They all died before me. I became known as a "doughnut Preacher" and evangelist and was the editor of a religious paper titled "The Truth". In 1908 I got into a bit of trouble for speaking in the streets, it was against the law. To avoid this law I would often preach from rooftops. Unfortunately I was still arrested and was sent to the prison annex at the old Franklin School. After I was released I continued to preach in Spokane. I helped the sick and homeless and helped to improve their lives. In 1918 I left Spokane to do missionary work in San Francisco. I died of the flu in 1919. By the Falls, pg. 20

Rosine Edwards Stuart

Hello, my name is Rosine Edwards Stuart. I was born in Pennsylvania in 1873. I came to Spokane in 1885 with my father when he became pastor of the First Congregational Church. I graduated in 1891 from Whitman Academy in Walla Walla. I was ordained in 1897 and believe I was the first woman minister in Spokane. I later served in a Church at Tolt, Washington and then as a principal for a girl's academy near Yakima prior to my marriage. In 1902 I moved back to Spokane with him and had one son and two daughters. Although I retired from the ministry I remained active in church circles. I lived in the Spokane area for 32 years and then moved to Portland where I died in 1941 from a heart ailment.

Women of Determination pg. 29

Helen Campbell Powell

Hello, my name is Helen Campbell Powell. I was born on May 14th 1892 in Spokane. My father was Amasa Campbell a mining tycoon. I traveled extensively with my parents to Chicago, New York, and Europe. I attended boarding school in Paris. I had a huge social life that included music lessons, sewing clubs, tea dances and trips to the movies. My family and friends were considered the social elite and we ordered our wardrobes were from New York and Paris. I was married to Bill Powell in 1917 at my parent's home. This home was a prominent social center. In 1925 I wanted to leave a memorial to my mother and a gift to the city of Spokane, so I left my childhood home to Eastern Washington State Historical Society. I also gave the adjoining property in 1945 that later became the Cheney Cowles Museum. I died in August 1964. *By the Falls, pg. 38*

Dr. Mary Archard Latham

Hello, my name is Dr. Mary Archard Latham. I was born in 1844 in New Richmond, Ohio. At the age of 19 I married my husband Edward. In 6 years we had 3 sons. When our boys were teenagers, Edward earned a degree in medicine. After his education I went to the Cincinnati College of Medicine and Surgery and graduated at the age of 42. For a while my husband and I were on of the few husband/wife medical teams in the nation. We moved to Spokane in 1887. I opened a practice at First and Stevens and specialized in treatment of diseases affecting women and children. I was the first female doctor in Spokane and it is believed that I was also the first in all of Washington Territory. I also was involved in founding the Humane Society and the Public Library. After my son James was killed by a train I suffered from depression and dementia. In 1917 I died from pneumonia at Sacred Heart Hospital. *Spokane Set in Stone pg. 46-47*

Leoti West

Hello, my name is Leoti West I was the Inland Empire's most famous teacher. I was born in 1850 and came to Washington territory in 1878. I help found the old Colfax Academy and was it's principal until 1883. I also had other duties while teaching. I served as superintendent of schools in Whitman County. After I retired from teaching I moved to Spokane and launched a series of article for the Spokesman Review on Spokane Schools and later drew over 200 pioneer sketches for the paper. In my retirement I also hosted many former students and

college educators in my small apartment. I died suddenly at the age of 83 in December of 1933. Spokesman Review December 23, 1933

Frances Scott

Hi, my name is Frances Scott. I was the great granddaughter of slaves and grew up in Spokane. I attended Holy Names College and left during my final semester when I got married. I later completed my masters in sociology in 1947. I received my teaching certificate in 1962. I taught for 31 years at Rogers High School. I then got my law degree from Gonzaga University in 1974 and became the first African American woman to practice law in Spokane. I was the first woman and African American to be appointed to the Civil Service Commission. I continued to practice law and teach until my retirement in 1989. By the Falls, pg. 68-69 & http://www.whitworth.edu/Administration/InstitutionalAdvancement/UniversityCommunications/WhitworthToday/2005_Fall/WhitworthNews/DistinguishedAlumna.htm

Marion Getchell Schulte

Hi, my name is Marion Getchell Schulte. I was born in 1894 in Michigan and married Dr. Schulte. We moved to Spokane in 1920 and my husband was the founder of the Inland Empire Blood Bank. I was a member of the Women's Auxiliary and the Spokane County Medical Society. In 1931 I was a founder and first commissioner of the Girl Scouts of Spokane. I entertained Mrs. Woodrow Wilson in my home and arranged for 250 girl scouts to meet her. During WW2 I was superintendent of the air raid Warden's office and taught parliamentary law in high school. I died in Spokane in 1972. By th Falls, pg. 40

Elizabeth Haldeman Forker

Hello, my name is Elizabeth Forker. I was born in 1855 in Pennsylvania and at the age of 15 began teaching. In the spring of 1883 I arrived in Spokane Falls to visit my aunt. I was so impressed with the area that I chose to stay and started work for the Four Lakes School. I taught for one term. In the fall of 1884 I was elected school superintendent of Spokane County. Almost everyone rode horses in those days and I was no exception. I rode my horse or drove a team the entire county visiting my schools. In 1887 my husband and I moved to my homestead in Peone and I taught a free school there to help form the school district of East

Peone. This district later became part of Mead School District. I retired in 1926 at the age of 71 and had taught for over 55 years. I died in 1943.

J. J. Browne

Hi, I am J.J. Browne born and I was born in 1843. I became a lawyer and moved to Spokane in 1878. I had heard about the great falls of Spokane River and thought that the waterpower offered great future development of a city. I negotiated with James Glover for a quarter interest in the town of Spokane. When Browne's Addition was platted in the early 1880's James Glover named the streets after the indigenous trees. Browne's Addition soon became the most socially correct addresses in the city. I am happy to say that I planted the first two lilac bushes in Spokane and that my friends were behind giving Spokane the Lilac City nickname. Browne' Addition paper

Dan Drumheller

Hi, my name is Dan "Uncle Dan" Drumheller. I was born in Tennessee in 1840. I came west at the age of 13 and was educated in California. I moved to Spokane in 1880 and operated wholesale and retail meat businesses. At the time there were only 50 families here and no railroads. I founded the Traders National Bank and was active director until my death. I was involved with cattle, live stock, farming, mining and the banking businesses and helped financially to advance the interests of the city. I died in 1925 while on vacation in Los Angeles. The Spokane Chronicle 2/28/25

Charles Fleming

Hello, my name is Charles Fleming and I was born in Wisconsin in 1868. I came to Spokane in May of 1896 and practiced law until 1903 when I was appointed City Clerk. I served five terms before becoming city commissioner in 1914. I was made mayor in 1916 while continuing as head of the public safety department. I was an ardent sportsman and like hunting and fishing. I was one of the few well-known men in Spokane who never owned a car. I died in 1929 of stomach cancer. The Spokesman Review 11/6/29

Frank Rockwood Moore

Hi, My name is Frank Rockwood Moore. I was born in 1852 and came to Spokane at the age of 27. In 1884 I purchased four large lots along the south side of Seventh Avenue. I commissioned Kirtland Cutter to design my home, which came to be known as one of Spokane's most spectacular homes. By the age of 40 I had amassed a fortune and helped organize Spokane's First National

Bank. I helped start Washington Water Power, now Avista, and was one of it's first presidents. I died in 1895 at the young age of 43. Heritage Gardens Trust

Kirtland Cutter

Hello, my name is Kirtland Cutter. I was born in Cleveland Ohio in 1860 and went to school at the Brooks Military Academy. I also received architectural and artistic education in New York, Paris, London, and Rome. I arrived in Spokane in 1886 and worked for a time with my Uncle Horace, a prominent banker. In 1888 I designed James Glover's 22-room mansion. After Spokane's devastating fire in 1889, I designed the Davenport Hotel, the Spokane Club, and the Monroe Street Bridge, the Patsy Clarke home, and many other beautiful houses and buildings in the Spokane area. I worked in many northwest cities and designed the Idaho State Building at the 1893 Chicago World's Fair. I moved to Long Beach California in 1923 and continued to practice architecture until my death in 1939.

Browne's Addition paper

Jay P. Graves

Hello, my name is James P. Graves and I was born in 1859 in Illinois. I arrived in Spokane in 1887 on Christmas Day. I began a real estate company and dreamed of building a college. I offered to set aside 640 acres for Whitworth College with 40 acres for a campus. In 1914 Whitworth began its first year with 40 students enrolled. Later I became a gentleman dairy farmer and bought 700 acres along the Little Spokane River. My former home is now the Bozart Center, a retreat owned by Gonzaga University. I later sold my lands and retired to California and died at the age of 88 in 1948.

D.C. Corbin

Hello, my name is D.C. Corbin and I was born in 1832 in New Hampshire and came to Spokane in 1889. I began a new railroad called the Spokane falls and Northern. In 1898 I sold my stock to Great Northern and was known as "that man of several times a millionaire". My home designed by Kirtland Cutter today houses the Corbin Art Center. I bought 40 acres on the North Side that I developed into the Corbin Park Addition. It is now a historic housing 86 homes. I died in June 1918 at the age of 85.

Eugene Hyde

Hi, my name is Eugene Hyde. I was born in 1917 and moved to Spokane Falls in the spring of 1881 at the age of 32. In November of that year I was appointed the position as the town's first chief of police. In 1883 I was elected position of

police chief until 1885. After my law enforcement career I went into the real estate business and invested in the construction of many commercial buildings. When my three-story Hyde Block was destroyed in the great fire I rebuilt a six story building on the same site. When my health started to decline, I left in 1912 for the warmer climate of Los Angeles where I died at the age o 68. My body was brought back for funeral and burial. Spokane Set in Stone pg. 44-45

James “Curly Jim” Silkoweoyeh

Hello, my name is James “Curly Jim” Silkoewoyeh. I was born in 1842 on the banks of the Spokane River, a full-blooded Upper Spokane Indian. I was a primary news carrier and brought news to people such a James Glover. I developed friendships with many townspeople and during a hostile Nez Perce scare in 1877 I assumed the role of protector and assisted frightened settlers in their retreat to Havermale Island. I refused of move to reservation lands and became a folk legend in town and could often be seen visiting admirers in Traders National Bank or during poor weather in a special chair provided by the John W. Graham Company store. I was a fair man with a strong sense of justice, helping the police arrest four murderers. I died on January 19, 1917 of pneumonia. Indians and Whites alike filled the funeral parlor to capacity. Spokane Set in Stone pg. 13-15

Francis Cook

Hello, my name is Francis H. Cook. I was born in Marietta, Ohio in 1851. When I was 16 I learned the printing trade. I started Spokane’s first newspaper, the Spokane Times. My wife Laura and I had 11 children and we built the first mansion on the South Hill.

In 1888, I started Spokane’s first motorized trolley line. In 1900 I purchased the land at Wandermere Golf course and built the dam that formed the man made lake there. In 1909 I bought much of the land on Mt. Spokane and built the first road to the mountain and developed the land as a public recreational area. I died in 1920 at the age of 69. Spokane Set in Stone. Pg. 52-53

Chuck Jones

What’s up Doc? My name is Chuck Jones. I was born September 21 1912 in Spokane. As a young lad, I moved to Los Angeles California and found a love for drawing. I turned my love into a career in 1933 when I became an assistant animator for Warner Brothers. I am most known for my characters, Bugs Bunny, Road Runner, Wily E Coyote, and Daffy Duck as well as all of the other Looney Tunes Cartoons. I also helped Dr. Suess make the cartoon How the Grinch Stole Christmas. I also worked for Walt Disney doing some work on Sleeping Beauty. I later open up my own studios and continued to work until my death on February 22, 2002. That’s all folks! http://www.powerset.com/explore/semhtml/List_of_people_from_Spokane

Sherman Alexie

Hello, my name is Sherman Alexie. I was born on the Spokane Indian Reservation in October, 1966. I was born with water on the brain and suffered seizures throughout my childhood and as a child spent a lot of time reading. I read *The Grapes of Wrath* by the time I was five years old. I started at Gonzaga University on a scholarship and in 1987 transferred to WSU. I was encouraged to write poetry and soon after graduating I published my first work of poetry. In 2007 I won the National Book Award for Young People's literature.

http://www.powerset.com/explore/semhtml/List_of_people_from_Spokane

Ryne Sandberg

Hi, my name is Ryne Sandberg. I was born in September of 1959. I attended North Central High School. I was drafted by the Philadelphia Phillies in 1978 and made my major league debut as a shortstop in 1981. In the 1982 season I was traded to the Chicago Cubs. This trade was later named one of the worst trades in Phillies history. I played second base for the Cubs and won a Gold Glove award in my first season. In 1992 I became the highest paid baseball player at the time making \$7.1 dollars a season. I retired in 1997 and was inducted into the baseball hall of fame in 2005. My Chicago Cub number 23 was retired. I now coach spring training and run a charity Ryno Kid Care with my wife that provides assistance to kids with serious illnesses. North Central High School honored me by naming their new baseball field after me.

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John Stockton

Hello, my name is John Stockton. I was born in Spokane in 1962 and attended Gonzaga Prep and Gonzaga University. I averaged 20.9 points in my senior year of playing basketball for Gonzaga. I spent my entire NBA career playing for the Utah Jazz from 1984 to 2003. I hold the NBA record for most assists and career steals. I also hold the NBA record for the most seasons and consecutive games playing with one team. I appeared in 10 All-Star games and played in the 1992 and 1996 Olympics. My number 12 jersey was retired by the Jazz in 2004.

http://www.powerset.com/explore/semhtml/List_of_people_from_Spokane%2C_Washington?query=Sonora+Smart+Dodd

**Elementary
School
Recommended
for 4th Grade**

Dig Deep CBA

To be an effective citizen, you need to know how to use evidence from different sources. Using artifacts and primary sources as evidence, you will draw conclusions about a historical question you have been studying in your classroom.

Directions to Students¹

In a cohesive paper or presentation², you will:

- Develop a question to guide an investigation of a time period after looking at primary sources.
- Draw one or more conclusions about the question referencing two or more primary sources.
- List two or more sources including the title, author, type of source, and date of each source.

You will also:

- Develop a timeline OR a description of the time period that includes 3 or more events or details.

¹ This directions page guides students towards the "proficient" level (level "3") for this CBA. To help students reach "excellent" (level "4"), please refer to the rubric or, if available, the graphic organizer.

² Students may do a paper or presentation in response to the CBA provided that for either format, there is documentation of this response that someone outside their classroom could easily understand and review using the rubric (e.g., a videotaped presentation, an electronic written document).